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WORKING FOR A COTTAGE HOSPITAL

A delegation, comprising Messrs. Dawson, Jacques and Rideout, of Chinook, went to Youngstown on Tuesday of this week to interview the Hospital Committee of that town, regarding the placing of a Cottage Hospital in Chinook as a part of the Municipal Hospital Scheme. The committee are of the opinion that this idea would help both Youngstown and Chinook, and serve the two districts to better advantage than the one hospital at Youngstown.

FIRST LOCAL HOCKEY. CEREAL 3--CHINOOK 2

An interesting hockey match was played last Friday at Chinook between Chinook and Cereal Intermediate hockey teams. The line-up:

CEREAL—Goal, Cottle; Def., Ager, Huntoon; For., Peterson, Dibble, Thompson. Score, 3.

CHINOOK—Gl., Flater; Def., Brownell, Thompson; For., Thorpe, Dammann, Peyton; Subs., Jones, Vanhook. Score, 2, both by Thorpe.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE TO MEET ON WEDNESDAY

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Institute will be held Wednesday, February 6th at the home of Mrs. Nelson; Mrs. Rennie and Mrs. Nelson being joint hostesses for the afternoon. The roll-call will be answered by suggestions "How can I make the meetings more interesting and profitable?"

All Chinook ladies are cordially invited to attend.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY HOLD "BOBBIE BURNS" NIGHT

The "Bobbie Burns" moving picture show and dance was held on Friday, January 25th. The moving picture, Sir Harry Lauder in Huntingtower, was a very good one and was much enjoyed by all present. Norma Hurley and Gabriel Massey danced the "Highland Fling." It was done so well one could almost imagine they were in Scotland. The dancing after the programme was good. Owning to the extremely cold weather the number which attended was much smaller than expected. The pianist gave a number of Scotch selections. The dance music by the local orchestra was much enjoyed.

School Examination Results

The following is the report of the Christmas examinations of Chinook Consolidated School District:

GRADE V.

	Per Cent
Bruce Young	75.0
W. Alfred Murray	73.6
Lorna McLean	73.3
Maurice Massey	73.2
Jack Johnston	71.4
Dean Tomkins	69.3
Wesley Gilbertson	65.4
Ros Sandman	61.6
Myrtle O'Malley	61.2
Jack Loader	52.1

GRADE VI

Ceith Wright	82
Edna Jansen	79
Bill Marcy	77
Frank Marcy	75
Edna Gilbertson	73
Elen Dawson	72
Wynne Rideout	71
Hilton Dressel	70
Edna Milligan	70
Robert McLean	68
Grace O'Malley	65
Raymond Vennard	62
Ernest Gilbertson	59
Ernest Begon not ranked.	

VII.

Larlorie Tomkins	78
Edna Rennie	73
Edna Milligan	71
Kenneth Lawson	70
Ernest Vennard	61
Ernest Marr	56
Edna Begon	55.3

VIII

Larlorie Lee	76
Edna Dressel	74.5
John Howton	74
Margaret Peters	73.5
Jean MacIntosh	73
Alfred Thorpe	71
Urdine Brownell	69
Harmon Vanhook	67.6
Margaret McLean	67.5
Florence McPherson	62
Norman O'Malley	56
Elmer Strong	54

Grade IX

Annie Sharp	82.1
Elsie Smith	81.7
Gladys Wright	77.1
Ray Trogan	66.8
Evart Duncan	56.8
Mabel Young	56.5
Thompson McIntosh	54.6
Beulah Vennard	48.5
Sidney Demaree	31.2

Grade X

Dorris Marcy	85.2
Vincent Rideout	85.2
Dorothy Carter	75.2
Madeline Otto	64.2
Mildred Milligan	53
Alexandra McPherson	52.0
Alfred DeMan	33.5

Grade XI

Willie Thompson	80.8
Stuart Jones	73.0
Harry Thorpe	72.7
Ethel Young	72.0
Sadie McLean	69.8
Ida Marcy	68.1
Lyle Begon	6.66
Mary Greene	6.8
Gatherine Ferguson	63.1
Verna Dressel	62.0
Muriel McIntosh	59.8
Gladys Stoness	59.2
Muriel Milligan	57.3
Dorothy Neff	51.7
Murdock McPherson	0.40

THE HART-PARR TRACTOR

To cut the cost of producing farm crops in Western Canada, a full trainload of 31 cars, 125 tractors, arrived in Alberta this week from the Hart-Parr factory in Iowa.

A group of star Hart-Parr dealers, co-operating with Hart-Parr Alberta Limited, of Edmonton and Calgary, are responsible for this shipment of labor saving, cost reducing, farm power. Similar trainloads are moving this month to the farmers of Calgary, Saskatchewan and Saskatoon territories. Farmer demand for the powerful, low cost operating Hart-Parr in Western Canada is such that the factory is operating day and night.

E. D. Vanhook, local agent, has just unloaded a carload of tractors on this coast-breaking train load, and invites the public to look them over.

TO ASK ROYAL BANK TO RE-OPEN BRANCH HERE

A meeting of the businessmen of Chinook was held in Cooley Bros. garage on Dec. 28th to discuss banking facilities and the cottage hospital. As a result of a meeting held at Cloverleaf, N. Stewart was asked to attend. A pledge was drafted to be forwarded to the Royal Bank, asking them for a branch or sub-branch in Chinook. In the event of it being turned down it would then be put up to one of the Youngstown banks. The pledge would be of such a nature that the signers would pledge themselves to support the bank that would give the service. The country will be canvassed.

LADIES' CARD CLUB

The Card Club met at the home of Mrs. Todd on Tuesday evening, Jan. 29th. The prize, a beautiful pair of bath towels, the winner being Mrs. L. Robinson. The Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Dawson next week.

CURLING NOTES

In the Rennie Competition Monday night, Vanhook beat Todd and Hurley beat Chapman. In the Square draw Dawson beat Jacques and Jones beat Milligan.

Tuesday night Deman and Dawson played in the Rennie competition. Deman won by 1 point a 13 end game.

Wednesday Hurley beat Vanhook Hurley and Dawson played off on Wednesday. Hurley won by one point in 13 end game, thereby winning the Rennie prize.

Thursday night Milligan and Vanhook will play in the McTavish Competition. Mr. McTavish will put up the supper for the two rinks.

LOCAL ITEMS

I. W. Deman made a business trip to Drumheller this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Anderson were Calgary visitors last week.

Season rink tickets can be bought from Mr. Jacques or Mr. Steckle.

Mrs. F. Bassett returned home on Monday night, after undergoing an operation at Calgary.

Mrs. Alex Johnston of Calgary, daughter of Mrs. Barton, returned home last week.

Mr. Norman Stewart left on the 28th for Calgary where he will attend the Wheat Pool Convention.

Ina Rennie is ill with a bad cold this week and has been unable to attend school for a few days.

Mrs. Lawrence Jones returned on Monday from Vancouver and Seattle where she spent a month visiting relatives.

Mrs. Leicester of California, who has been with her mother, Mrs. C. W. Barton for the past month returned to her home last week.

Chinook Theatre

Dolores

Del Rio

In

"Ramona"

A Special Picture

Fri. and Sat.

1st and 2nd

Special Prices, 75c, 50c, 25c

Stock Taking

We find we are overstocked in the following lines. We offer you these for THE NEXT TEN DAYS at reduced prices

Wool Blankets, Regular \$5.00 per pair for - \$4.25
Flannelette Blankets, Regular \$3.75 pair for \$2.85
Mackinaw Coats, Leather Lined, \$15.75 for \$12.95
Leather Coats, Horse Hide, Fur Collar, Reg. price \$18.50 for - \$16.50
Leather Coat, Horse Hide, Reg. \$16.75 for \$14.95
Moccasins, all lines and sizes - 25 per cent off

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Overshoes, Rubbers, Wool Sox,
Wool Mitts, and Pullovers

Special Prices

On Horse Blankets, Harness, Collars, Bridles,
Breeching and Harness Leather

You can do as better anywhere. Do not be attracted by the catalogue bargains till you have seen my prices. PRICES REDUCED TO FEBRUARY 15th. We must clear our surplus stock. To those listening to radio broadcasts, I handle Great West Products.

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

New Goods

ARRIVING DAILY

Our Stock is COMPLETE Again
Sure Shot Bot Cure. Poultry Sundries
Stock Foods, Etc., Etc.

Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

One Teaspoonful of

Na-Dru-Co. COD LIVER OIL

is equivalent in Vitamin A content to

5 1-2 Quarts of Milk or
1 Lb. of Best Creamery Butter

9 Eggs

For Children or Adults

At Your Druggist, Chinook, Alta.

JACQUES DRUG STORE

COAL

The present cold snap has not caught us napping. Our bins are filled with Drumheller's lower seam coal

WOOD

A Car of Dry 12in. Block Wood just unloaded

Imperial Lumber Yards Ltd.

CHINOOK

ALTA

Our Grocery Stock is COMPLETE

We appreciate your orders—large or small. We will fill any catalogue order at their price, and be pleased to get your business. Give us a trial.

Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

C. W. RIDEOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

Beef, Pork and Cured Meats

Fresh Fish Every Day

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU!

Chinook Meat Market

"Both LEADERS in Radio"

Atwater Kent De Forest Crosley

Several of the latest models on hand

Call for a Demonstration

Cooley Bros., Local Dealers

CHINOOK

Phone 10

ALTA.



Too Much ACID

Many, perhaps, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion as they call it. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. The best way, the quick, harmless and efficient way, is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in stomach acids, and at once. The symptoms disappear in five minutes.

You will never use crude methods when you know this better method. And you will never suffer from excess acid when you prove out this easy relief. Please do that—for your own sake—now.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggist.

This Changing World

Annual stock-taking is a wise procedure on the part of every individual and nation; it is absolutely essential in the case of the man in business if he is to make a success of the enterprise in which he is engaged. This is true whether the man be the manager of a large industrial concern, or the owner of a small country store. It also applies to the man who is engaged in the business of farming because to succeed he must know where he made money and where he lost it; he must find the leakages before he can plug up the holes.

Any such stock-taking should include a study of the trend of business throughout the country and the world to the extent that such study is possible. Especially in view of the close commercial relations existing between them, and the fact that they do a larger business with each other than with any other country, the people of Canada and the United States should understand not only what is taking place in their own country, but also in the neighboring country. For these reasons recent analysis of United States business in 1928 as compared with 1927 are of value to Canada.

These comparative studies reveal some startling developments and trends in business. For example, soft coal output decreased 6.1 per cent, and petroleum production 0.9 per cent, while the output of electricity increased 9.2 per cent, thus indicating the rapidity with which electric power is overtaking steam power. Railway carloadings dropped 0.6 per cent, and gross railway income by millions of dollars, but freight movement by motor trucks progressed over a larger mileage, and mail and express movements were heavier, while the output of automobiles increased 24 per cent, thus showing the modern trend to more rapid transportation of commodities.

Department store sales increased 1.1 per cent, mail order sales jumped 14.9 per cent, and chain store sales 17.1 per cent. On the other hand, wholesale trade fell off 1.5 per cent, indicating steady progression in more direct selling from producer to ultimate consumer. Possibly one of the effects of this development is found in the increase of 1.2 per cent in the number of business failures, notwithstanding the year was one of great production, large constructive development and prosperity.

The modern trend in the larger use of electricity, more and still more and efficient machinery, and more direct and rapid transportation is emphasized by the fact that, in a year of amazing growth in production and construction, employment decreased 3.3 per cent. In contrast with this is the fact that union wages were 0.4 per cent higher, indicating that, while there was decreased employment, those in employment were paid slightly higher wages.

The buying power of United States farmers rose 6 per cent, revealing an improvement in the agricultural situation. Business profits rose 11 per cent, savings bank deposits 8.0 per cent, life insurance sales 5 per cent.

The above figures would seem to indicate certain factors and lessons deserving of earnest consideration by all business men. The fact that business profits rose 11 per cent, but business failures increased indicates that the business man who keeps himself informed of, and adjusts his operations in conformity with changing conditions succeeds while the uninformed and ultra-conservative loses out. To the artisan, clerk and working man the figures seem to say that in this machinery age the man with knowledge and initiative, in a word, the efficient man, is in demand and at even higher wages, while the inefficient finds increasing difficulty in securing work.

The same economic forces are at work in Canada as in the United States, and the same tendencies are to be noted, the only difference being that this country is not so highly industrialized and has much greater natural resources still in an undeveloped state calling for manual labor. In the commercial world, especially in the retail merchant class, the problem of the mail order house, the chain store, the consolidation of merchandising in the hands of great concerns, and the allied problems of transportation and distribution, are becoming quite as acute, and if he is not to go under the small dealer must meet these changing conditions. He cannot do it alone, single-handed, but his chances of success are good through co-operation.

In the past few years, and particularly in 1928, a great change has taken place on our western Canadian farms through the introduction of the combine, the motor truck, and the building of good roads. Through these means production will be increased on the one hand, while less human labor will be required—that is, there is the same tendency in agriculture as in manufacturing industry. This means that, large as western farms are on the average compared with other countries, they will, as operating units, become larger, with all the changes involved. Here, too, the further application of co-operative principles and methods will make for success.

The world will not stand still; it is moving forward at an ever faster pace and he who would stay in the procession, be he merchant, mechanic, farmer or clerk, must be capable and equipped to move with it. The basic foundation of such equipment is as wide a knowledge as possible of the current trend of events, and the accepted methods of coping with the changes and developments so rapidly taking place.

"Blue Blood" Defined
Further experiments with superphosphate from the smelter at Trail, B. C., will be conducted in 1929 by the Alberta Department of Agriculture in conjunction with the Dominion experimental farms and C.P.R. experimental farms. An abundant quantity of this fertilizer will be available to most demands.

Fertilizers From Trail, B. C.

Long Term Payment
Mrs. Higgins had just paid the last instalment on a perambulator. Shop Assistant—"Thank you, madam. How is the baby getting on now?"
Mrs. Higgins—"Oh, 'e's all right. 'E's gettin' married next week?"

Germany's New Street Car

Capable of carrying 117 passengers and of attaining a speed of 20 miles an hour, a new single-deck street car is being tested in Dresden, Germany. It is so long that the conductor has to announce the stopping places by megaphone.

What Farming Is

Not Merely A Business But Building A Home

When a buyer goes hunting a farm his first question often is, "What is the location of the property in relation to schools, churches, highways, markets and shipping points?" Farming is more than a business. Farming is living, building a home, rearing children and educating them.

Here is where community life comes into the picture. When people take an interest in neighborhood affairs; when they help to improve their schools, their churches, their roads, they are improving their own surroundings and adding to the value of their farms.

He is a very cultured buyer indeed, who would purchase a farm in a district where the community life is dull, and where schools and churches, physically and spiritually, are in a state of bad repair.

NEW HEALTH FOR TIRED-OUT WOMEN

Found in the Rich, Red Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make.

Anemic conditions, beginning with languor, indisposition to mental or bodily exertion, irritability and a feeling of fatigue. Later comes the palpitation of the heart, headaches, frequent backaches and often disturbed digestion and an inability to obtain rest at night. Cases of this kind, if neglected, become more serious, but if taken in time there is no need to worry. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which are free from any harmful or habit-forming drug, are just the tonic needed to remedy this weakened state of health. These pills actually make the rich red blood that stimulates and strengthens every organ and nerve in the body. Thus strength and activity return, the appetite improves and restful sleep is had. What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can and will do is shown by the case of Mrs. D. B. Manning, Seal Harbor, N.S., who says: "I was in a badly run-down condition. I was weak, my appetite was very poor and the least exertion would leave me completely tired out. In fact, I was unable to do much work about the house. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after taking a few boxes can testify that I had gained greatly in health and strength and was able to go about my work with no sign of the former weakness. I can safely recommend them to all others who may be in a run-down condition."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Experimental Farm System

Canada Has Largest System Of Its Kind In The World

The Canadian Government Experimental Farm system now embraces 27 farms, seven sub-stations, one horse-breeding station, one fox ranch, 10 plant pathological laboratories and 201 illustration stations at different points in the nine provinces of the Dominion. The system is the largest of its kind in the world.

Mothers Value This Oil—Mothers who know how suddenly croup may seize their children and how necessary prompt action is in applying relief always keep at hand a supply of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, because experience has taught them that this is an excellent preparation for the treatment of this ailment. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable medicine.

"You naughty child! Such good soup! I wonder how many children would be glad to get half that."

"I should, for one, mother."

Use Minard's Liniment for the Flu.

A woman graduate of Glasgow University has become Scotland's first woman minister.

CUTICURA HEALS LARGE PIMPLES

Caused Itching, Burning, Also Disfigurement.

"My complexion was completely marred by pimples which varied in size. Some were large, hard and scaly, while others were just red and tender. They caused an itching, burning sensation, also disfigurement."

"After using scores of remedies for over two years, with but little result, I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I was so pleased with the results that I purchased more, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one large box of Cuticura Ointment was completely healed." (Signed) W. E. Blackburn, 20 Bellevue Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Use Cuticura to clear your skin. Sample Free Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Cuticura Soap Co., 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

The Architect's Secret

Strange Memorial Has Been Puzzle For Three Hundred Years

In an ancient city of India stands what is often called the most splendidly poetic building of the world. It is the far-famed Taj Mahal, which was built by the Emperor Shah Jahan as a final resting place for his favorite wife, Mumtaz Mahal. One of the princes of India some years ago told the following story regarding it: When the mausoleum was being built the architect was authorized to embody in the structure, some memorial to himself. He kept his own counsel and when the edifice was completed it was found that his memorial consisted in this—that whenever it rains from high up in one of the domes three drops of water fall in succession to the floor below. No matter how hard it rains or for how long, three drops and only three descend to bear testimony of the architect's wisdom. For nearly three hundred years men have puzzled in vain to learn by what artifice this result was accomplished, and the secret still lies hidden within the marble masonry of that dome.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

BAKED ORANGE CUSTARD

- 3 egg yolts
- 1 egg white
- 1/2 cup sugar
- 5/8 grains salt
- Grated rind 1 orange
- 1/2 cup orange juice
- 1 1/2 cups milk

Beat yolts and white of eggs until light; add sugar, salt, grated orange rind and orange juice. Seal milk in double boiler; pour gradually, while stirring constantly, over egg mixture; pour into buttered custard cups, placed in a pan of hot water, and bake in a moderate oven until custard becomes firm. Cool, and serve with whipped cream on top, or turn out and surround with sections of orange and orange syrup.

THOUSAND ISLAND DRESSING

- 1 cup mayonnaise
- 2 hard-cooked eggs
- 2 tablespoons tomato catsup
- 2 tablespoons pimento stuffed olives
- 2 tablespoons chili sauce
- 2 tablespoons pickled onions.

To the mayonnaise add all of the other ingredients finely chopped.

Toes Made Comfortable Sore Corns Removed

Quick, safe relief is almost instantaneous if you apply PUTNAM'S "CORN EXTRACTOR" to corns, blisters, pinches or hurt. One single drop of Putnam's stops the pain. A few applications make the corn dry up and drop off. Putnam's Corn Extractor gives satisfaction. Thousands use it every day. Get a bottle from your druggist. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's" the one sure relief for sore corns.

Alberta Wool

Over Fifty-seven Thousand Dollars Realized By Sheep Association.

Cheques to the value of \$57,898.57 have been sent out to members of the Alberta Sheep Breeders' association for wool shipped out and ranging in price from 24 to 38 cents a pound. The wool was shipped to the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers, Toronto, where it was graded under government inspection.

Cattle in Fine Condition

Owing to the light snowfall around High River, Alberta, this year, the cattle and horses on the Prince of Wales' ranch and on other ranches in the vicinity are in excellent winter condition, and it has not yet been necessary to do any feeding, according to W. L. Carlyle, manager of the E. P. Ranch.

Complete in Itself, Mother Graver's Worm Extremator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fall to do its work.

Rover's Punishment

Nurse (suspiciously): "What have you been doing, Miss Ellen?"
Ellen: "Rover's eaten my doll's slippers, so I've just been punishing him."

"How?"
"I've been to his kennel and drunk his milk."

Ranching Days Recalled

The memory of ranching days in Alberta is preserved by the place-names, Staveland, De Winton, Cochran, and Stinson.

Minard's Liniment for the Grippe and Flu.



ASPIRIN

Headaches may be swiftly and safely relieved by an Aspirin tablet. A most efficient remedy, and there's no after effect; its use avoids much needless suffering. Try it next time; see how soon its soothing influence is felt. Just as helpful when you have a cold; neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism, lumbago. Just be certain you get real Aspirin—the genuine has Bayer on the box, and on every tablet. All druggists, with proven directions.

Physicians prescribe Aspirin; it does NOT affect the heart

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) indicating Bayer Manufacture. While 18 is well known, Aspirin is a name used by other manufacturers. To avoid the public against imitation, the Tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trademark.

Farm Machinery Purchases

Farmers Of Southern Alberta Made Heavy Investments Last Year

According to an estimate appearing in "The Lethbridge Herald," some \$7,250,000 was spent in Southern Alberta during 1928 for new autos, trucks, tractors, combines and other such farm machinery. The classification is as follows: Automobiles and trucks, \$2,500,000; Combines, \$1,000,000; tractors, \$1,250,000, and other machinery, \$2,500,000. At harvest time a survey showed there were 551 combines and 2,250 tractors in operation on the Lethbridge railway division.

It Testifies for Itself—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil needs no testimonial of its powers other than itself. Who ever tries it for coughs or colds, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body, will know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this Oil is in general use.

Galnahad had his good points, but only our higher civilization could produce a drug clerk who says, "Thank you" after serving a postage stamp.

"Dad, what is influence?"

"Influence, my boy, is what you think you have till you try to use it."

"He—Do you enjoy having company?"

She—"Yes, providing they come after dinner."

Contracting Tuberculosis

Occupations Where Air Is Charged With Dust Show High Death Rate

A survey made by the Metropolitan Life Insurance company has revealed some interesting information regarding the possibilities of death by tuberculosis. It is recorded that workers employed in trades and occupations where the air is charged with dust show a much higher death rate from this disease than do completed males as a group. Foremost among these occupations are miners, with the exception of coal miners, pottery workers, stone cutters and others.

Had No Enemies

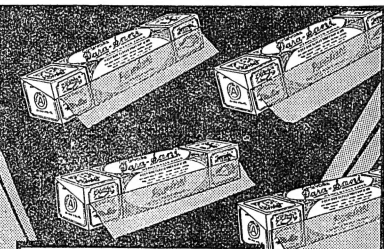
Theater attendant (to man who is going out during the performance): "Are you coming back, sir?"
"No."
"May I remind you that your ticket is not transferable and you cannot give it to another person."
"I don't wish to—I have no enemies."

Paring a corn is both risky and ineffective. It is much better to use Holloway's Corn Remover and eradicate them entirely.

"All men are born free and equal!" "Yes, but some get married."

Minard's Liniment for Coughs and Colds.

Most men who go to court don't go to get justice, but to get even.



Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED HAMILTON, ONT.

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

A Health Saving Reminder

Don't Wait

until you get the

Influenza

USE

Minard's Liniment

At the first sign of it. Its Healing Qualities are Amazing. THE OLD RELIABLE.

W. N. U. 1170

Preparing New Calendar For Each Year Requires Six Years Of Co-Operative Effort

A letter pointing out the unnecessary inconvenience caused by the position of Christmas and New Year's day in the calendar of 1928, and giving an illuminating sketch of the intricate systems of calendar making that are undertaken each year, has been received by the editor of "Interdependence" the monthly review of the League of Nations Society in Canada, which has its headquarters at Ottawa, from Moses B. Cotsworth, well known calendar expert and director of the International Fixed Calendar League.

Mr. Cotsworth is the exponent of a fixed calendar of thirteen months of twenty-eight days each to replace the irregular Gregorian calendar now in use and points out that because Christmas fell upon a Tuesday in 1928 much inconvenience was caused to employers and employees as the majority had to return to work following the week-end, on Monday, thus interrupting the holiday and making it impossible for people to visit their friends or relatives at distant points. Under the International Fixed Calendar which is suggested as an efficient alternative to that now in vogue, Mr. Cotsworth points out that Christmas would always fall upon a Monday, as would all other holidays throughout the year, creating a long week-end holiday to the benefit of the world at large.

Dealing with the complexity of the work of preparing a new calendar for each year, Mr. Cotsworth continues: "The fact that the basis for making each year's calendar requires six years of co-operative work by the best astronomers in five leading nations, should be known to all who yearly buy or receive calendars. For example, the first calculations for the year 1933 were begun on August 17th, 1927 by eminent scientists in the Greenwich Observatory and the Nautical Almanac Office. They work out for all nations the Right Ascension and Declination of the Sun, Moon and 54 of the Fixed Stars at each of the 24 hours, for every one of the year's 365 days.

By August, 1928, these were printed and sent to the directors of the National Observatories in the United States, Germany, France and Spain, to enable each to begin its quota of the great work they mutually shared out, so that no part is duplicated. The United States astronomers work out for all Nations, the Eclipses for the Sun and Moon, and the hourly positions of the planets with their satellites, etc. Germany calculates the hourly positions for 307 of the Fixed Stars below the Celestial Arctic Circle to the Tropic of Cancer. France works out the hourly positions for the Polar Stars within the Arctic Circle, etc. Spain does like work for 65 of the more Southern Stars, etc.

About one and a half years later these four National Directors having printed their results will send copies to each other and to the Greenwich authorities, who will combine them in the "Nautical Almanac" for 1933 which they will print and issue about the end of 1930. The complete Nautical Almanac will then be sent to the directors of Geodetic Offices in all Nations, to enable each of them to work out from its data, the tide tables showing the daily times and heights of tides for each of his country's ports, ready for issue to the makers of calendars not later than January 1932, so that calendars for 1933 may be printed ready for distribution during the last months of 1932.

Friend—I got a touch of neuritis. Dendebat—I wonder if he'd lend me anything!



First Deaf Man: "Are you going for a walk?"
Second Deaf Man: "No. I'm going for a walk."
First Deaf Man: "Oh, I thought you were going for a walk."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1770

Operates Big Farm

Alberta Farmer Has 1,600 Acres Included in His Holdings

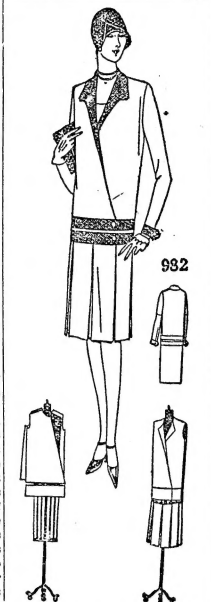
Peter Hettinger, a farmer in the Morinville district, near Edmonton, Alberta, recently purchased six quarter sections, or 960 acres of land at Morinville for \$57,000, an average of over \$59 per acre. Fully 600 acres of this farm are under cultivation and it is one of the finest farms in the district. He is now one of the largest land owners of the Edmonton district, with 1,600 acres included in his holdings.

Mr. Hettinger came from North Dakota, U. S. A., with his parents to Morinville in 1891. He was then a boy of 14. A few years later he took up a homestead a few miles from Morinville and has gradually increased his holdings until today he owns 10 quarter-sections.

A Successful Immigrant

Man From Sweden Does Well With Farming Operations In Saskatchewan

Another instance of a successful immigrant launching out on an ambitious scale of farming is that of Andrew Anderson of Alaska, Sask. who came from Sweden in 1910; he came farming a homestead of 160 acres and now farms 4,500 acres which, in 1928, yielded 54,000 bushels of Marquis wheat. But the farm is something of a show place as well containing, among other things, an arboretum and an artificial lake.



Delightful Sports Mode
It simulates the two-piece mode with hip yoke inserted between diagonal closing bodice and smartly plaited skirt. The youthful neck-line with shawl collar and sleeve bands add a tailored finish. Style No. 982 designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure can be made of sheer tweed, patterned wool jersey, crepe satin, canton-crepe, flat silk crepe, crepe Elizabeth, printed and plain sheer velvet and wool crepe. A few seams to join and it's finished, and made at a substantial saving. The 36-inch size requires 3/4 yards of 40-inch material with 3/4 yard of 40-inch contrasting. Price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size
.....
.....
Name
Town

Experiments Interesting

Materials Tested Under Pressure Lose Their Familiar Properties. Tremendous pressure has reversed almost completely the familiar properties of some well known substances in experiments at Harvard University.

Paraffin, under pressures ranging between 200,000 to 600,000 pounds a square inch, became so hard that Prof. Percy W. Bridgman pronounced it harder than machine steel. Rubber became so hard that it was pronounced usable as a die to form steel.

Dr. Bridgman found that steel tended to flow, if not like water, at least sufficiently to spread. Oil became useless as a lubricant, because it turned solid. Mercury, under a pressure of 60,000 pounds began to escape, the theory being that its atoms were forced between those composing the steel chamber in which it was imprisoned.

One of the objectives of the experiments is to test materials used in manufacture of big guns. Another is to study the molecular and atomic changes in various substances.

Flu Epidemic In East

Forty Per Cent. Of Population Of Ontario Have Been Affected

Forty per cent. of the population of Ontario were stricken with influenza during the recent epidemic, according to figures issued at the provincial department of health, Toronto, today.

Many districts in the province had 100 per cent. of their population stricken, it was stated, while 60 per cent. of the population of Toronto had suffered from the disease.

"The number of cases is diminishing daily, but the death rate for the number of reported cases is still increasing," Dr. S. J. Bell, deputy minister of health, stated.

Olds In Her Fever

Angry Mother—"You've got a nerve to ask me to give back your ball when you nearly killed one of my children with it!"

The Boy—"Well, lady, we got six children an' we ain't got but one ball."

Canadian Industries

A recent survey of Canadian industries shows 6,500 groups of articles fully or partially manufactured in the Dominion, while approximately 1,600 Canadian firms or corporations are active exporters.

Radio Sets In Canada

It is estimated that there are about 350,000 radio sets in use in Canada, the majority of which are in the rural districts, where reception is always better than in the urban areas.

"My razor doesn't cut at all."
"Why Henry, your head is tougher than the Kitchen Sink."

He—"A penny for your thoughts."
She—"What do you think I am—a slot machine?"

About three-fourths of the world's silk is used in the United States.

NEW PICTORIAL STAMP ISSUE



Seven new stamps were issued by the post-office department and are on sale to collectors and others desiring special sets. These stamps are issued by the department to replace the old issue which is at present in use. Of the new issue the highest value is the one dollar, which is olive-green in color and depicts Canada's legislative building at Ottawa. The blue 50-cent is pink in color and depicts a harvesting scene. Next in order is the 12-cent gray, on which

SALVATION ARMY TROUBLE



General Bramwell Booth, supreme commander of the Salvation Army, has been asked by the high council of the Army to retire from active leadership because of ill health.

Alberta As a Grain Country

Province Growing Grain Equal to Any On The Continent

W. J. Stephen, Alberta Field Crop Commissioner, who attended the Chicago International Livestock and Grain Show, where he was in charge of the provincial exhibits, states that a very favorable impression was made by the exhibits from this province, which upheld and enhanced its reputation as a grain country. He points out that Alberta won more premium money at Chicago than any State in the Union, and more than all the other provinces in Canada combined.

Of the 58 entries 32 secured prizes and the consensus of opinion by those attending the show was that Alberta is growing grain equal to any on the continent.

Airplane Service In Canada

No Other Country Puts It To More Varied Use

Flying has now become a recognized part of practically every conservation, development, and engineering service in Canada. The activities of Canadian pilots and aircraft range from observing for the sealing fleets of the Atlantic coast and forest dusting in Cape Breton island to forest fire protection and fishery patrols on the Pacific coast; from air mail service to Pelee Island, the southernmost point of Canada, to the observation of ice conditions throughout the winter in Hudson strait and transportation in the Yukon. Nowhere in the world has the aeroplane been put to more practical varied uses.

Sodium Sulphate Deposits

The investigation of the natural sodium sulphate deposits in Western Canada by the Department of Mines has proved tonnage of hydrous sodium and magnesium sulphate in excess of 100,000,000 tons. There are many other deposits in the Prairie Provinces, which could produce sodium sulphate, but while the markets are limited and the price low, only those close to railways can be considered as producers at present.

The Dominion Fuel Board Issues Progress Report Dealing With Present Fuel Situation

Canadian Fishing Industry

Revenue From Industry In 1928 Estimated At \$54,000,000

With the completion of final returns the total value of the Canadian fishing industry for 1928 will be about \$54,000,000.

The salmon pack of the Pacific coast was about 2,000,000 cases and the value over \$14,000,000. The pack was the largest for five years, the increase over 1927 being 750,000 cases. The halibut fisheries on the Pacific coast landings totalled 30,000,000 pounds, an increase of more than 2,000,000 pounds over 1927. The total value of this fishery exceeded \$3,000,000.

On the Atlantic coast, while the fisheries of New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and the Gaspe coast were well sustained, Nova Scotia had one of the most prosperous years since the end of the war period. Only once since 1919 have the catch and the value been greater. The catch was about 20,000,000 pounds in excess of 1927 and the total value will exceed \$11,000,000.

The total investment in the Canadian fisheries is about \$52,000,000, and about 85,000 persons are employed in the catching and processing of the product. The annual value of the catch, it will therefore be seen, is greater than the total investment.

Invents Unique Device

Egg-Turning Tray Is Idea Of Duchess Of Montrose

That duchesses can be good workmen as well as ladies of title has just been demonstrated by the Duchess of Montrose, who has invented a device for keeping eggs in perfect condition either for incubation or for consumption. She calls it the Brodick egg-turning tray and it is being enthusiastically endorsed by leading agriculturists in Great Britain.

Eggs will keep fresh and fertile for a long period if they are turned half over every 12 hours but to turn a large number of eggs individually twice in 24 hours is a lengthy task. The duchess' tray takes care of the operation in about a second.

The tray is about four feet long and 16 inches wide and divided crosswise by strips of wood into 17 spaces, each holding six eggs placed end to end, that is 102 eggs in all. The eggs rest on a length of canvas three inches longer than the bottom of the tray and affixed to a roller at either end. The overlapping three inches is wound round one of the rollers and when it is necessary to turn the eggs all that is necessary is to turn the opposite roller downward so that the extra three inches of canvas is rolled about it. The eggs turn simultaneously just the required distance.

Has Horrible Name

But New Acid Is Considered Useful By Chemists

Xylothoxyglutaric acid! Sounds horrible, but it's not nearly so bad as it sounds and you may be drinking it soon. In fact, Dr. Warren E. Emley of the Bureau of Standards told the American Chemical society recently that it makes good lemonade. Xylose, its drug element, is wood sugar which is made from peanut shells and cottonseed bran.

It has a sweet taste and no food value, and in addition to its possibilities as lemonade, chemists think it can be utilized as an industrial substitute for glucose and as a food for diabetes sufferers.

A Good Definition

An old dandy had been in trouble for stealing chickens and was convicted on circumstantial evidence; he said:

"What is circumstantial evidence, Sam?"

"Well," he said, "as near as I kin 'plain it, fum de way it has been 'plained to me, circumstantial evidence is de feathers dat you leave 'lyin' aroun' after you has done wild de chicken."

Treatment Not So Good

Bachelor—"Does your wife treat you same as she did before you were married?"

Married Man—"Not exactly. Before we were married, when I displeased her she refused to speak!"

King Mihai of Rumania, ruler over 18,000,000 subjects, recently celebrated his seventh birthday.

The Dominion Fuel Board has issued a progress report covering the activities of the Board and the changes that the fuel situation in Canada has undergone since publication of the Board's interim report in 1923. The report contrasts conditions of five years ago, when the main fuel problem was one of supply, with those of today, and states that there is now an abundance of both native and foreign fuels for all purposes and that the major problem now is one of markets for Canadian coals.

At the time of the Board's inception a question of primary importance was to reduce foreign anthracite in Central Canada by suitable alternative fuels. There had also arisen a strong national desire for a maximum of Canadian fuel independence instead of reliance on the United States for 50 per cent of the coal used. A number of broad investigations have contributed materially to the solution of the problem of an adequate supply of fuel and in part, at least, to the solution of the other problems of national independence. Ontario and Quebec, though still using large quantities of American anthracite, are no longer entirely dependent on this fuel, the producers of which are fighting here as in their own country to retain a declining market. Coke, British anthracite, low volatile coals and fuel oil are strong competitors with American anthracite in the household fuel trade, and the range of Alberta and Maritime coals is being extended through special provisions. The fact is emphasized, however, that the problem of Canada's complete fuel independence is still unsolved. The geographic handicap consequent on the location of our largest markets far from our great producing fields, but in close proximity to those of the United States, is one difficult to overcome.

The Board points out that it cannot assume as its function the formulation of a national fuel policy, for this is a prerogative of Government, and any such policy, so far as it concerns complete fuel independence, must be determined largely by national expediency, based however upon the most complete and accurate knowledge of all technical and economic facts obtainable. The Board is endeavouring to secure and correlate these facts. The most important point still to be ascertained is the cost of transportation. The eggs rest on a length of canvas three inches longer than the bottom of the tray and affixed to a roller at either end. The overlapping three inches is wound round one of the rollers and when it is necessary to turn the eggs all that is necessary is to turn the opposite roller downward so that the extra three inches of canvas is rolled about it. The eggs turn simultaneously just the required distance.

The report summarizes the results of widespread investigation in fuel utilization conducted by the Board through its members and in some cases with the assistance of eminent outside engineers. It is shown that technical research is opening up many possibilities for more efficient and diversified uses of coal. In the matter of low temperature carbonization of bituminous coals, the report points out the difficulty of applying in Canada methods now in operation in countries like Great Britain, France and Germany where the density of population provides a near and ready market for the products. The Board, however, is keeping in close touch with the development of the different processes so that advantages may be taken of them should they prove applicable to conditions in Canada.

The report closes with the statement that the necessity for the study of fuels and fuel problems will probably continue as long as coal is mined. A new fuel research laboratory now being completed for the Department of Mines is exceptionally well equipped, and through association with the Department the Fuel Board will avail itself of these improved facilities.



"I am so unhappy. My husband suffers from kleptomania!"
"I'm so sorry. Does he suffer much pain?"—Vikings, Oslo.

STEP TOWARD STABILITY IN EASTERN EUROPE

Paris.—Poland's acceptance of the Soviet proposal for a protocol putting the Kellogg pact into effect immediately in eastern Europe, will yield beneficial results, it is believed, in connection with the general situation in that part of the world.

The Russians have indicated that they are willing to admit not only Poland but also Rumania and the Baltic states to the provisions of this protocol.

Because of the Bessarabian question no diplomatic relations have ever existed between the Soviet and Rumania. It is surmised that the new protocol negotiations will lead to such relations.

The protocol will also go far in quieting Soviet fears of a great aggressive plot against Russia by the capitalist states led by Great Britain.

It is significant that Poland has waited until the United States ratified the Kellogg pact before accepting the Soviet proposal.

Sacrifices Life To Save Companion

Montreal Woman Insists on Fireman Saving Friend First

Montreal, Que.—Trapped in a top floor apartment, which she occupied with Miss Harriet Barr, a close friend, Mrs. N. Raipé, widow of Col. W. N. Raipé of London, England, sacrificed her life to save that of her companion in a fire which destroyed the Eltona apartment building, a four-story building here. When the firemen forced their way into the Raipé apartment from a ladder, while the fire was sweeping the lower floors, they found Mrs. Raipé near the window and started to carry her to safety, but she insisted that they first save Miss Barr, who was already overcome by smoke. The firemen carried Miss Barr down the ladder and returned to the top floor to find it a seething mass of smoke and flames. Their efforts to rescue Mrs. Raipé were in vain and it was not until four hours later that they were able to make their way into the building and carry out her charred body.

France Seeks Payment For German Sugar

Over Three Million Dollars Worth Not Paid For Is Claimed

Paris.—A search for more than \$3,000,000, owing the French government, was being made by police after it was revealed that reparations payments of sugar had been turned over to private concerns and not paid for.

Leon Polier, former professor of political economy at the University of Lille, has been arrested as a ringleader in the plot against the government. He is accompanying police on his visits to various concerns believed involved in the deals. Forty thousand tons of sugar were delivered by Germany in lieu of cash as reparations payments. The sugar was turned over to the Sugar Farming company and the Franco-Moroccan Navigation company to sell, but the government has not received payment for it.

King's Condition Improves
London.—Continued improvement in the health of the King today led the court officials to begin planning the regular levees and other functions of the season. The first levee, at which the Prince of Wales will preside, will be held at St. James palace on Feb. 26. The King's physicians have made it known that he must spend no more winters in England, and that he must seek a warmer climate for several months each year.

Booher Found Guilty
Edmonton.—Vernon Booher will hang on April 24, 1929. After a deliberation of five hours and eight minutes, the jury found the accused youth guilty of the murder of his mother, brother and their two hired men on July 9, 1928, at Mannville, Mr. Justice Walsh immediately sentenced the slayer to be hanged.

Will Advocate Railway Link
Winnipeg.—J. T. Thorson, member of parliament for South-Centre Winnipeg, will bring up in the House of Commons at the forthcoming session the subject of more direct railway communication for Winnipeg with Hudson bay.

W. N. U. 1770

Will Urge Negotiation Of Trade Agreement

Chinese Nationalist League, Would Develop Business With Canada

Vancouver.—Development of trade between China and Canada through the negotiation of a treaty between their government and that of Canada is a major recommendation to be voiced at the annual convention of Kuomintang, Chinese national government at Nanking, by the seven delegates from Canada. Seventy-five representatives of all branches of the Chinese National League in Canada are now holding their annual convocation at Canadian headquarters, Gore avenue and Pender street, and will elect their representatives before the sessions end Jan. 31.

An increase in the number of consuls throughout the Dominion will also be sought by the delegates from Canada. Consulates are at present maintained only at Ottawa and Vancouver.

There are 75 branches of the league in Canada, with three divisions, governing the east, middle-west and west. There is a Canadian membership of more than 10,000.

Prizes For Research

Two Will Be Given For Best Work In Cancer Investigation

London.—The grand council of the British Empire cancer campaign announced approval of an offer of two prizes of \$2,500 each, in 1931 and 1932, for the best original piece of work in the investigation of cancer carried out in the British Empire. They will be known as the Garton prizes.

The report of the Medical Research Council, summarizing the work of various research centers in 1927, claims malignant growths in the early stages of cancer can be removed by the radium treatment as efficiently as by any surgical means.

New Railway Station

C. N. R. Station At The Pas Is Officially Opened

The Pas.—Another chapter in the development of northern Manitoba was written today when the Canadian National Railways' new \$75,000 station was officially opened here.

A ceremony was held at the new station, which is situated in the heart of the town. Maj. J. G. MacLachlan, district engineer of the C. N. R., turned the station key over to V. I. Smart, general superintendent of transportation, who opened the door of the station to the public.

Believes Soviet Rule Over
Montreal.—The Soviet experiment in Russia had failed tragically and its endurance was now but a question of the patience of the Russian people, according to his imperial highness the Grand Duke Alexander Michailovitch, brother-in-law of the late czar, cousin by marriage to King George, who has arrived here. The grand duke was certain that his countrymen would not suffer the yoke of the communists very much longer.

New Senator Appointed
Ottawa.—Hance J. Logan, former Liberal member for Cumberland, N. S., in the House of Commons, has been appointed to the Senate, filling the vacancy in that body caused by the death of Senator W. B. Ross. Announcement of the appointment was made at the prime minister's office.

Will Take King To Sussex
London.—Preparations are going forward for the removal of King George to Bognor in Sussex as soon as his doctors decide that the time is opportune. The King will travel the 65 miles to the coast resort in a large car fitted so that he can lie as comfortably as in his bed at Buckingham palace.

Canada's Record Wheat Yield
Ottawa.—Canada's yield of wheat for the year 1928 amounted to 833,571,700 bushels. This is the highest on record, and the first time that Canada has harvested a crop of over half a billion bushels. This announcement was made in the crop report just issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics.

Is Acting Postmaster
Ottawa.—William H. Pennock, for several years assistant postmaster at Ottawa, has been named acting postmaster. The vacancy was created by the death recently of Andrew G. Acres.

Class B Fairs

New Dates Are Set At Meeting Held In Winnipeg

Winnipeg.—The establishment of an eastern and a western circuit of B class fairs, and the setting of dates for fairs in each circuit, was the principal result of a session of the Western Canadian Fairs association held at the Fort Garry hotel.

The Western Canada Association of Exhibitions, which comprises the class A fairs concluded their convention in the afternoon.

Archibald Wilson of Saskatoon, heads the Western Canada Association of Exhibitions for the coming year, being elected president to succeed H. W. Abbott of Edmonton at the closing session.

H. G. Smith, Regina, was re-elected vice president of the organization and S. W. Jones, Saskatoon, will continue in office as secretary-treasurer.

Johnny J. Jones was awarded the contract for midway shows at class A fairs.

Because the circuit of the Western Canada Fairs Association had become so unwieldy by reason of the large number of fairs, it was divided into two circuits, and the dates for fairs set as follows:

Eastern circuit—Carman, June 28 to July 1; Estevan, July 3 to 6; Portage la Prairie, July 8 to 10; Dauphin, July 11 to 13; Prince Albert, July 15 to 17; Melfort, July 18 to 20; Yorkton, July 22 to 24.

Western circuit—Weyburn, July 8 to 10; Assiniboia, July 11 to 13; Lethbridge, July 15 to 17; Red Deer, July 22 to 24; Camrose, July 25 to 27; Vegreville, July 29 to 31; Vermilion, Aug. 1 to 3; Lloydminster, Aug. 5 to 7; North Battleford, Aug. 8 to 10.

EMBARGO BRINGS PROTEST FROM RAILWAY HEADS

Montreal.—The partial embargo placed against central European colonies by the Dominion department of immigration and colonization drew from the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National railways today a formal protest.

The decision, it was claimed in a statement issued by the presidents of the companies, will not only work distinct hardship on both transportation systems but will destroy the faith the governments, whose people are affected, have in Canada.

The companies deny they are interested in moving colonists from non-preferred countries in Europe rather than those from Great Britain or other northern European or preferred countries.

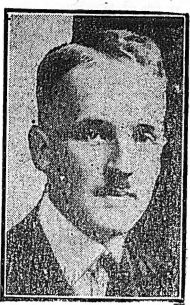
The attitude of the transportation companies was outlined in a statement issued to The Canadian Press by the railway presidents, E. W. Beatty and Sir Henry Thornton.

BACK FROM THE BARRENS



Although he had not been out of the Barren lands for fifteen years, George Yandle, trapper, maintained a fine sense of civilization. The first thing he did when he got to The Pas—he did not even wait until he reached Winnipeg—was buy himself a pair of spats with zippers. Yandle acted as interpreter when Count I. Tolstoy entertained the Eskimos in the far north. The photograph, which was taken outside the Canadian National Railways station in Winnipeg, just after the trio's arrival, shows Yandle; Tolstoy, in the center; and W. J. Case, photographer. Count Tolstoy, who is the grandson of the great Russian writer and philanthropist, headed an expedition into the Barrens to study the migration habits of the caribou, and some unusual photographs were obtained of the immense herds. After spending a day in Winnipeg, the party, together with five Eskimo dogs, worth \$65 apiece, went to Timagami, the Ontario forest reserve, for further study of wild animals, and thence to New York.

RECEIVES IMPORTANT POST



Dr. Charles R. Best, collaborator with Dr. F. G. Bantling in the discovery of insulin, has been appointed to the chair of physiology of the University of Toronto. He succeeds Prof. J. J. R. MacLeod, who left Toronto to return to the University of Aberdeen.

Exhibition May Be Re-Established

Winnipeg Ratepayers Will Vote On Question In March

Winnipeg.—An exhibition which the promoters hope will take a prominent place among the exhibitions of the Dominion is being planned at Winnipeg, according to Wesley McCurdy, director, speaking to western exhibition authorities meeting here yesterday.

Winnipeg ratepayers will vote March 15 upon the question of whether or not they wish to authorize expenditure of \$850,000 for the re-establishment of the city's exhibition.

Decline in Dairy Production

Winnipeg.—High spring feed prices and tempting offers by American buyers for dairy cows caused a falling off in total dairy production for 1928 in Manitoba, according to Alex. McKay, president of the butter manufacturer's section of the Manitoba Dairy association. The year, on the whole, was successful, the president intimated in his address.

To Tour Europe

Ottawa.—Arrangements have been concluded here for the European tour of a large party of Canadian club members. The group which it is expected will draw members from every part of the Dominion, is to sail from Montreal aboard the liner Laurentic June 8.

Wrote For "Punch"

London.—Rudolph Chambers Ledmann is dead at Bourne End after a long illness. He was famous as an oarsman and rowing coach and also for the light, witty verses which he contributed to "Punch."

Needs Britain's Protection

Iraq Is Not Sufficiently Prepared To Defend Itself

London.—Differences between the British and Iraq governments over the ability or otherwise of Iraq to defend itself have resulted in the resignation of the Iraq cabinet under Premier Aska Jafar Pasha of Askeri.

The British authorities hold the view that Iraq, placed under British protection after the war, is not yet ready to assume full responsibility for its defence.

A treaty between the British and Iraq governments in 1923 provides the responsibilities of Great Britain as a mandatory power shall be terminated when Iraq is admitted to the League of Nations.

Iraq has a population of nearly 3,000,000, practically all Mohammedans. Its chief city is Baghdad, and the territory is east of Arabia, comprising 150,000 square miles.

The real difficulty it is pointed out in London is that even the existing agreements between Great Britain and Iraq are not fulfilled particularly with regard to military and financial matters, including railways and forts.

South African Tourists Greeted By Snowstorm

Students Wanted Thrill and Got It In Toronto

Toronto.—In the midst of a blinding snowstorm 37 students of South African universities arrived here in the course of their tour of United States and Canada.

"Just what we wanted," one of them exclaimed heartily, though citizens of Toronto were finding the storm troublesome.

"We were counting on Canada for the thrill of real cold weather, lots of snow and the novelty of ice hockey," T. Thorpe, Cape Town university spokesman for the visitors said.

The students were the guests of Toronto university and left for Montreal for a visit to McGill university. Before completion of the tour the students will have been away from home for three months and will have travelled 25,000 miles.

Crosses Atlantic In Steamer's Lifeboat

Stowaway From England Had Feet Frost-Bitten During Voyage

New York.—Matthew Baddeley, youthful cheese cart driver of Cheshire county, England, completed a stormy crossing of the Atlantic in a lifeboat, an uncomfortable but not a dangerous journey, for the lifeboat all the time was hanging in its davits on the liner Lancanster. For 10 days the stowaway stuck it out through storm and cold, living on the emergency rations in his hiding place. He kept his hands warm against his body, but his feet were frost-bitten and just before the ship reached quarantine the pain drove him forth.

He collapsed while telling his story but was revived and put to bed in the ship's hospital. He will be sent back to his cheese cart.

URGES BETTER FEELING BETWEEN TWO NATIONS

New York.—J. Ramsay MacDonald, former premier of Great Britain, in an article under his name in the current issue of The Nation, Liberal weekly, makes a plea for the understanding public men of the two nations "to meet and drag from the obscure corners of sulky suspicion the things that make difficulties between us."

The relations between the United States and Great Britain grow increasingly unhappy," he says. "A spirit is growing in the two countries which is estranging them and is encouraging a kind of equibbling criticism which destroys mutual understanding and forbearance."

"Have both of us failed to observe how easy it is to slip into war for nothing, how ready popular imagination is to be set on fire by anyone—even an almost anonymous newspaper proprietor—who cares to light a match?" he asks, then continues:

"This is no case for private and unofficial action and conferences. The governments must act. Both countries ought to appoint five or six outstanding men to discuss our differences. Mayhap fresh air would clear our minds of them."

CANADA'S CLAIM APPROVED BY RADIO MEETING

Ottawa.—Canada's claim to 40 per cent. of the intermediate waves has, it is understood, been successfully maintained at the international radio conference meeting here.

While the proceedings continued to be closely guarded, the scheme of division is believed to be approximately 40 per cent. to Canada and 60 per cent. to the United States. Newfoundland, Cuba and Mexico will share certain of the channels.

From the fact that most of the waves have a range of only 1,000 to 3,000 miles, Newfoundland can share a number of waves with stations in the southern United States and no conflict will occur. In the same fashion Cuba and Mexico will occupy certain channels in common with Canadian transmitters.

Although the percentages eventually chosen were probably always in view, it is known that the United States was seeking a much larger share.

There are 639 channels in the band with approximately 250 channels available for distribution after allowing for amateurs and dot-and-dash stations.

Ratifies Kellogg Treaty

Action of Lithuania May Affect Dispute Between Russia and Poland

Kovno, Lithuania.—The Lithuanian government ratified the anti-war Kellogg pact.

Ratification of the Kellogg pact by Lithuania has significance in its bearing upon negotiations between Russia and Poland for a special protocol applying the pact in a localized sense to the states that touch the western frontier of Russia. Poland and Lithuania have been at odds over frontier questions and over the ownership of Vilna, a city which Lithuania claims as its legitimate capital but which is now held by Poland.

Plan Air Endurance Test

Flight to Prove Claim Made for New British Plane

London.—The Mail says that a non-stop flight from Capetown to England is planned to test the claim made for a new British aeroplane that it is capable of flying further without refueling than any other in the world.

The plane, which has tanks for three and one-half tons of gasoline in its hollow 58-foot wing, is now being put through trial flights. Two pilots will fly it to Capetown by easy stages and attempt the return flight without a stop.

Inspector's Seagrave's Car

Prince of Wales Leases Things About Speed Riding

London.—The Prince of Wales, driving alone in his automobile, made one of his typical impromptu visits to a London motor house to inspect the car "Golden Arrow" and the speedboat "Miss England," with which Maj. H. O. Seagrave intends to attack world's speed records this year.

The major happened to be present and he showed his vehicle to the prince, answering many questions about the sensations of speed riding.

Treating Drug Addicts

Geneva.—Nontaka Sato, the Japanese League of Nations representative, has informed the international opium committee that Japan was successfully applying medical treatment to Korean morphine addicts. Out of 684 cases, 660 had been sent to hospitals and cured.

Director of Cattle Association

Brantford, Ont.—R. B. Falt, for 25 years editor of the Farm Journal, has been appointed director of extension of the Holstein Friesian association of Canada. His headquarters will be in Brantford.

Wireless For Planes

Toronto.—Provincial air force planes will be equipped this year with wireless, so they may send reports to headquarters from any distance up to 400 miles it has been announced.

Report Severed Relations

Berlin.—An entirely unconfirmed report circulated in Berlin said Japan had severed diplomatic relations with Russia. The source of the report was not known.

Is Unique Institute

Children From Many Lands Attend International School at Geneva.

One of the most unique educational establishments in the world exists at Geneva in Switzerland, where at "L'Ecole Internationale," children of seventeen different nationalities receive instruction together, writes the editor of "Interdependence," the monthly review of the League of Nations (International Civil servants) of officials of the International Labor Office, of the International Red Cross, the Y.M.C.A. and of other international organizations which have their headquarters at Geneva.

A baffling educational problem was presented when, following the formation of the League of Nations individuals of many different nations connected with the Secretariat had to take up residence in Geneva and establish their families there. There were Czech and Chinese children, Latin and Lithuanian, English and French, and the progeny of many other nations. The facilities offered by the Swiss schools were not attractive, as emphasis was placed upon Swiss cantonal history, and upon local and national, rather than international matters.

A school was finally evolved that gave fair and even treatment to the interests of all nations represented, and which was run on strictly international lines, the two official languages being English and French. It was founded in 1924 and has since demonstrated its importance and efficiency, having grown from a small day school of twenty-four pupils to an institution with both day and boarding departments.

Children unacquainted with French or English are taught one or the other and, after a few months, are sufficiently familiar with the new language to take their lessons in it. English scholars can usually acquire a working knowledge of French in six months, but the French usually take a little longer as they hear the English language only in school.

Douglas Fir

Tree Received Its Name From David Douglas, Scottish Botanist

Douglas fir, the largest timber tree grown in Canada, receives its name from David Douglas, the first person to describe the tree to the scientific world. Douglas was a Scottish botanist who, just one hundred years ago (he first came to America in 1823 and left this continent in 1833) spent several years in British Columbia and the northwestern United States. During this time he discovered a hundred and fifty species of plants previously unknown to science, and he introduced into cultivation in the British Isles two hundred and seventeen species, including the Douglas fir, the sugar pine, and the redwood. The Douglas fir was first discovered by A. Menzies, the surgeon of Vancouver in his voyage of discovery, but was introduced to Europe by Douglas.

U. S. Government Faces Deficit
Brigadier-General Herbert M. Lord, director of the United States budget, expressed the opinion that the country faced a possible deficit of \$90,000,000 this fiscal year, due to the expense of new legislation and tax refunds. He said he was hopeful of making his books balance, if the returns under the new tax bills were large enough.

Not For Publication

"Would you like some views of the hotel to send your friends?" asked the polite hotel manager.
"No," replied the disgruntled guest. "I think it would be better for me to keep my views of this place to myself."

Blue pencils have become famously popular with editors because blue, more than any other color, completely hides the word to be deleted.

Perhaps the skeleton in a man's closet matters little if he has plenty of bones in his bank account!



"Yes—a gamekeeper!" — Journal Amusing, Paris.

W. N. T. 1770

Using Poison Dust To Protect Timber

Government To Start Intensive Campaign Against Insect Menace

Government departments specializing in the work of forest protection will enter another and more intensive campaign against the insect menace to timber during 1929, according to a statement from the entomological branch of the Department of Agriculture.

Aeroplane will probably play an important part in this new war. Machines specially equipped for the work will scatter a poison dust over forests where the appearance of the insect destroyers is noted and experts hope to put into service a larger machine than has been formerly employed.

Operations during 1928 showed that dusting by means of a specially-equipped aeroplane hired for the purpose cost \$7.04 per acre, over 715 different acres of forest. An official appendage to this report says: "This amount is considered very moderate when compared with the values of the trees saved."

Advance In Aviation

333 Planes Now In Operation In The Dominion

Aviation in Canada is developing rapidly. A recent official compilation disclosed there are 333 airplanes in operation in the Dominion compared with 101 early in 1928. Of the total of 333 planes, 216 are engaged in commercial work and 87 in the service of the Canadian federal and provincial governments on forest protective work, map photography, mail carrying and a variety of other tasks that call for speed. There are now 44 air harbors in Canada as compared with 25 at the beginning of 1928. Licenses held by commercial pilots as at Jan. 1, 1929, number 100 or more than four times the number held on the corresponding date last year.

Silver Fox Most Important

It has always been the practice of fur traders to keep foxes caught in the warm weather alive, when possible, until the winter season, for then the fur is prime, and consequently much more valuable. From this custom has arisen the modern industry of fur farming. Several other animals are being raised in captivity, notably the mink, raccoon, skunk, martin, fisher, beaver and muskrat, but more important than all of the rest combined is the silver fox.

Notable Rocky Mountain Pass

Jarvis pass, a densely timbered crossing on the Alberta-British Columbia interprovincial boundary, is remarkable for containing a number of small lakes on its summit, distributed on both sides of the watershed. The water from some of the lakes flows westward to the Pacific while from the others it runs eastward to the Atlantic.

Professor (to student) — "How dare you contradict me, sir?"
Student — "Well, I'm paying for this course and the customer is always right."

Rena: "Another argument with your husband? What's the trouble this time?"
Freda: "The same old thing. I'm right and he won't agree with me."

Mother-in-law: "My dear girl, any women would be satisfied with what John says he gives you?"
Young wife: "So would I."

A volunteer defence force is to be formed by the Irish Free State in addition to the regular army and national reserves.

Mouldy Butter

Many Factors May Prove To Be The Cause For This Condition

Creamery butter, which passes soon after making into the hands of the trade may afterwards develop certain defects. One of the most serious defects that crop up in this way is the presence of mould spots on the surface and on the parchment covering. Addressing the Canadian Creamerymen's Association, Dr. E. G. Hood, chief of the division of dairy research in the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, pointed out that while trouble from mould is decreasing from year to year, it still appears at times in both commercial and exhibition butter. Creamery men were urged to find out the sources of this trouble so as to apply preventive measures. Doctor Hood pointed out that mould has been found to enter largely from the following sources: Improperly pasteurized cream; recontamination of pasteurized with vat cream; insanitary equipment, as holding vats, condenser pipes, pumps, outlet valves; unsterilized churns and packing equipment; improperly treated liners; carelessly stored salt; air infection from insanitary surroundings.

As an aid to discovering the cause of the trouble and to decide on the remedies best to apply, creamerymen were recommended to procure and study Bulletin No. 43, "The Cause and Prevention of Mould in Butter," available from the publication branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Watching The Little Things

Many Matters Receive Consideration Of League Of Nations.

While the primary work of the League of Nations is to promote international peace, many and various matters arise from time to time for their consideration. For instance a new road sign which the Westminster City Council is going to introduce has been recommended by the League. It is the sign "P," and wherever it appears the motorist in Westminster will know that he is at liberty to park his car. The sign has been agreed upon as an international one, provided it is considered successful when tried out at Westminster. The British motorist in Berlin, Stockholm, or Copenhagen will know without having to make tedious inquiries, whereabouts he may leave his car without incurring the displeasure of a policeman.

New Peaks Of Progress

Canada Fifth Amongst The Nations In Volume Of Exports

In his review of the year 1928, as Minister of Trade and Commerce, Hon. James Macdonald points out that while the year of the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation (1927), created new peaks of progress, the year 1928 went even beyond those records. He points out that while Canada ranks only 28th in population, it comes fifth among the nations in the volume of its exports; third in its trade balance; second in its per capita exports and first in its per capita trade balance.

Heavy Yield Of Wheat

Adelard Hotte, whose farm is about a mile north of the Canadian Government Experimental Farm at Beaver Lodge, Peace River, Alberta, threshed 57 acres of Garnet wheat that averaged 49 bushels to the acre. The land on which the wheat was grown was semi-arid and was broken in 1927.

The northernmost telephone pole in the Western Hemisphere is at Noorvik, Alaska. The line is maintained by the government.

Smut Diseases Of Plants

Minute Parasitic Organisms That Live On The Tissues Of Growing Plants

According to the latest reports of scientific workers, smut diseases are not confined to cultivated plants. Smuts are caused by microscopic fungi, minute parasitic plants. Incapable of manufacturing their own food, these fungi live on the tissue of plants. As a result of this the plant upon which the fungi live—the host plant—is seriously injured. The purposes for which it is cultivated are interested with, or frustrated altogether, and in some instances the plant dies.

Spores are formed by the fungi, and in the case of the spores of stinking bunt of wheat, eight bunt spores, side by side, are equal to the width of a human hair. The spores of the loose smut of wheat are smaller still, and eighteen of them are required to equal the width of a hair.

These fungus spores are not seen in the true botanical sense, though they do reproduce their kind. They are minute, round or roundish plant cells, finer and lighter than road dust or similar substances easily carried in the air.

The "Smut Diseases of Cultivated Plants, Their Cause and Control" forms the subject of a most interesting bulletin published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. It deals with the smuts of wheat, barley, oats, rye, corn, timothy, etc., and explaining in detail the various treatments for seed.

Wrong For Sixty Years

Error In Whitaker's Almanac Has Just Been Discovered

After sixty years publication an error has been discovered in Whitaker's Almanac.

One of the Zodiacal figures has been printed wrongly. In the 1929 volume—the 61st—the editor-in-chief points out that Capricornus now appears in his true shape as a marine monster—a sea (not he) goat.

This erroneous drawing on the title page and in the calendar had remained undiscovered until a short time before the present edition was placed on the press.

Considering that this almanac, as is rightly claimed, is edited by the public — correspondents from all parts of the world suggesting and criticising it every year—it is remarkable that the error should not have been discovered until the 61st year.

Assisting Canada's Navigators

For the benefit of navigators, six stations on the east coast of Canada, seven on the Great Lakes, and three on the west coast broadcast twice daily at certain specified hours information covering weather forecasts, position and nature of dangers to shipping, etc. In cases of urgency, such as hurricane warnings, the information is immediately sent forth.

Ask Better Freight Rates

Vancouver.—Backed by the United Farmers of the three prairie provinces, the United Farmers of B.C. will carry British Columbia's claim for better freight rates to the governor-in-council at Ottawa.

"What is a 'preparedness parade,' pa?"
"A rehearsal of the wedding march, my son."

The wettest day recorded happened on June 14, 1911, at Baginjo, Philippines, when forty-six inches of rain fell.

Says Ants Produce Music From Bodies

Well Known Scientist Has Made Study Of Insect Life.

Amazing discoveries about insect life have been made by Dr. Robert Staeger, the well known scientist, who has been making study of the lives of different varieties of ants.

Dr. Staeger's discoveries occurred while on an exploration trip. Noticing a nest of large red ants, he decided to watch their manoeuvres. When, to his astonishment, the insects began to emit tiny musical sounds. He decided to investigate.

Suddenly a number of the ants began knocking with the end of the abdomen upon the thin, resonant wall of the homestead, thus producing a sound that was evidently intended for an alarm signal. Dr. Staeger also discovered that some of the ants perform actual instrumental music.

"All of these musicals," he states, "make use of a similar instrument, differing only in being attuned to a higher or lower pitch. This instrument consists of two different parts, which I have named the lute and the plectrum."

"The lute is situated on the abdomen, and consists of microscopically fine grooves. The plectrum is in the shape of a rod or pencil attached to the segment that unites the abdomen and the thorax. When the ant moves its abdomen rapidly up and down the pencil moves in brief intervals across the grooves on the lute."

"There then ensues a sort of humming chirp which is perceptible by human ears only when a great number of the little musicians unite in a symphony."

Annoying Paris Bankers

Rich Man Makes Out All Cheques In Roman Numerals

A certain practical joker among the rich men of Paris is causing banks and tradespeople a lot of annoyance by making out his cheques in Roman numerals.

"Pay to the order of John Doe CXLIV francs..." reads one cheque, for example. So far none of the banks have refused to honor the cheques, but in each case the recipients have been stumped from office to office. In each case it has taken no less than an hour to obtain the money.

A wit who received the cheque explained to the paying teller that Roman numerals were the only ones used in French up to the tenth century and they were just as valid in France as the ordinary Arabian, which are the numbers now used universally.

Limestone In Canada

Every province in Canada except Prince Edward Island contains workable deposits of good quality limestone. In the case of Saskatchewan the limestone is inaccessible at present and it is not worked. Ontario is the principal producer followed by Quebec, Manitoba, British Columbia, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Alberta in order of production.

A Narrow Escape

Jimmy came home and said, "I almost had some watermelon today."

"How was that?" his mother asked.
"I was over playing at Sammy's house, and his mother opened the ice-box, and there was a watermelon in it. Sammy said, 'Couldn't we have some?' and if she had said 'Yes,' we would have."

Patient—"Doctor, I often feel like killing myself. What shall I do?"
Doctor—"Leave it to me."

Improvement In Canadian Cheese

Compulsory Grading Has Brought About Steady Advance In Quality

Canadian cheese has made a steady advance in quality since compulsory grading began in 1923. In a review of grading during the past year Mr. Joseph Burgess, chief of the division of dairy products, in the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, brought out the fact that about 93 per cent. of the entire make of the Dominion, with 98 per cent. of the cheese graded, scored in the classes for "special" and "first grade."

All of the provinces have shown a marked improvement in quality, with Ontario leading in this respect with 96.7 per cent. in the two highest grades. In the first year of grading the percentage of the two highest grades was only 78 per cent., which compared with the results last year shows the value of compulsory grading in improving the quality of the output.

Mr. Burgess announces that the output of 78 of the 661 factories operating in the province of Ontario graded 100 per cent., while the production of 438 factories graded between 93 and 100 per cent. This was an increase over 1927 of 51 in the factories making perfect cheese and of 162 factories making cheese scoring 93 per cent. or more. Improvement was also shown in the quality of cheese made in the other provinces, where cheese-making is an important branch of the dairy industry.

In Prince Edward Island there was an increase of 3 per cent. in the highest grades; New Brunswick, 9.1 per cent.; Quebec, 11.8 per cent., and Manitoba, 4.4 per cent. Compared with the previous season, covering all the cheese-making provinces, there was an increase of 5.7 per cent. of the output that scored about 93 per cent.

Clean Milk

Main Sources Of Contamination Are Pointed Out

The sanitary quality of the milk produced on the farms has a tremendous influence upon the welfare of the dairying industry. This view is expressed by Dr. Grant Lockhart, bacteriologist to the Dominion experimental farms, who credits the producer and the methods he employs with more importance than the barn and the dairy equipment he possesses.

Elaborate equipment is no guarantee of clean milk. Contamination from all sides must be excluded in the production of the highest grade of milk, and this means that care must be given to stables, animals, utensils, milkers, and the methods used by the milkers.

Clean pails, properly sealed, and the chances removed for dirt falling from the cow into the pail reduced to a minimum, are two of the main points, and the best places to commence in cleaning up the milk supply. These are the main sources of contamination and any care with minor sources to the neglect of those two main sources is largely wasted effort. Pamphlet No. 79, "Producing Clean Milk," published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, expresses the view that a clean pail and a clean cow are the main factors in producing clean milk.

Coins Bring Good Price

A \$50 gold piece, minted in 1852, sold for \$109 at a sale of antique coins at Gettysburg, Pa. One side of the coin was plain, but the other had a figure and inscription, together with the date of issue. The coin was octagonal shaped. Another \$2 gold coin, bearing only the mint-date of 1856, sold for \$5.

Languages learned by young children are forgotten easily, often within a few weeks.

"The only people who can raise money easily are those who don't need it badly."



"My matrimonial agency was a great success. My wife divorced me and married one of my clients." — Dorfbarbier, Berlin.

BRANCH LINE BUILDING PROGRAM



Announcement of a large branch line building program of the C.P.R. and C.N.R., totalling nearly \$90,000,000, has launched a strenuous "steel" conflict for the whiphand. Above are shown: 1. Sir Henry Thornton, president of the C.N.R.; 2. Hon. Charles A. Dunning, minister of railways and canals; 3. E. W. Beatty, president of the C.P.R.

CRUMBLY TEETH

Help your children to have sturdy bodies, sound bones and strong teeth. Give them

Scott's Emulsion

rich in vitamins. It serves the needs of childhood equally as well as it does grown people.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 25-60

THE CRIMSON WEST

— BY —
ALEX. PHILIP

Published by Special Arrangement
With Thomas Allen, Publisher,
Toronto, Ont.

CHAPTER XIII.—Continued.

Connie raised her head. "Oh, no, I don't think so, Andy; that must slip on," she objected.

Andy made a pretence of studying the article in question.

"Yes, yes, sure! That's right! That's right!" he conceded quickly.

Andy's pipe was now sending out billows of acid smoke. Connie moved beyond the smoke screen. Much to Andy's relief, she sat for a moment silently studying the advertisement. When she raised her head there was a look of wistful yearning in her blue eyes.

"Oh, Andy," she said dreamily, "it must be lovely to feel those soft silky things next your skin."

"I'm—I'm sorry, Connie," stammered Andy, "but I have a roast in the oven—"

"Just a minute Andy," she pleaded, "there is something else I want to ask you." She sorted the papers for a moment.

"God 'elp me, what will it be now?" thought Andy, as he braced himself for the next question.

"Andy, what is a canisole?"

A look of profound relief crossed the little Australian's face.

"A canisole," he explained with an air of wisdom, "is a fish. It's a—"

He was interrupted by Connie's peal of laughter. "Oh, Andy," she cried, "you're a funny man!"

She turned and ran laughing down the hill.

"Strike me lucky!" exclaimed Andy as he mopped his brow. "It's enough to make a blighter's heart bleed. The poor motherless kid comin' to a bloke like me to ask such questions."

He watched Connie as she slowly ascended the trail, still studying the magazine's pages.

"But 'ow the 'ell can I 'elp 'er?"

He pondered deeply for a moment, but, seemingly unable to answer the question, shook his head sadly and turned to his duties.

Fortunately for Janet's peace of mind, none of her friends had recognized in the photograph of the new champion of Canada the handsome young man they had met at her home. They were puzzled by her decision to spend a holiday in the wilds until she casually mentioned that Mr. McLean was arranging for their entertainment, and she accepted with a smile the sly teasing that followed.

The party arrived by special train a day earlier than originally planned, and as Janet stepped to the platform Donald was for a moment disconcerted by the warmth of her greeting and the softness in her eyes as they rested on him.

"That afternoon Connie came riding down the hill holding in her hand an enormous bouquet of Alpine flowers. She leaped from her horse and ran blithely around the corner of the big building. Andy, dressed in white coat and hat, came smilingly forward to meet her.

"Andy, here are some rare flowers. Don't you see—?" She ceased speaking abruptly as Donald, looking at Janet and her friends from a tour of the kitchen, came through the door.

Donald's face lighted with a glad smile as he saw Connie.

"Miss Rennie, I want you to meet Miss Wainwright.

Connie's face burned with embarrassment as all eyes turned toward her, and the mass of wild flowers held crushed to her breast quivered as though shaken by a breeze. She glanced about her quickly, strongly tempted to flee the spot.

For a moment the society belle and the girl of the mountains eyed each other silently.

Janet stared at Connie as if she were some strange creature unclassified by science. Connie for the first time was gazing on a stylishly-clad member of her own sex. Janet's dress of white silk shimmered in the sunshine, and her broad-brimmed white hat, with lining of pale rose, gave to her beautiful face a ruddy glow.

Connie's eyes roved in admiration from the neat high-collared dress to the silken hose and skirt, and then to the flowered hat set jauntily on thick shining coils of dark hair.

There was a certain dewy freshness, a native frankness, about the girl of the woods that made Janet appear artificial. Their eyes met, and Connie's lips parted in a timid smile.

reveling two rows of perfect milky-white teeth and forming two tiny dimples in her brown cheeks. Her lonely heart longed for the friendship of this wonderful girl, but the smile quickly faded when she saw that Janet's eyes remained cold and unresponsive.

Janet scrutinized Connie's faded blue overalls and coarse cotton shirt, which, even though loose and ill-fitting, could not conceal the graceful lines of the childish figure. Confused by the cold reception, her eyes wide and misty with a hint of pain, Connie turned quickly away.

Moving with the easy grace and freedom that an empress might command, Connie walked to the side of her canyon, and with characteristic bird-like motion sprang to his back. Her moccasined feet struck his sides, and with ears flattened Pegasus leaped forward with a speed that sent Connie's hair streaming. His spinning head saw a cloud of dust in their faces, then home and rider went tearing down the hill.

Janet stood staring after the flying rider, a look of blank astonishment on her face.

Connie's visits to the mill ceased, but from the highest point on the bluff she watched the merry-makers with keen interest as dressed in native riding costumes, they rode their horses, disported themselves in bathing-suits on the sandy beach, paddled the lake in light, graceful canoes, or chugged about in the shiny white motor-boats. For two evenings she sat with a feeling of dreary loneliness while Donald and Janet played the placid lake in one of the tiny canoes, their subdued voices and gentle laughter coming up faintly from below.

During the evenings she spent with Donald, Janet was assailed by fleeting emotions in which she tried to define her attitude toward him. She felt that the time was not far distant when some definition would be necessary. In a number of artful ways she had tried, but without success, to lead him to talk of himself. When she put a direct question she saw the lines about his mouth tighten, and his reply carried a tone of such unmistakable rebuke that her face reddened and the subject was instantly dropped.

On the night before Janet's departure a dance was arranged, to which the clerical staff of the Cheekamuk Mill was invited. Gills promised a special feature on the programme in the form of an old-fashioned square-dance with his "red-shirts" as the performers.

All that day the skies drizzled continuously; lake and mountain were hidden under a heavy mist. The inclement weather did not dampen the ardour of the merry crowd, who, in slickers and oilskins of every description, gathered flocks and flocks to decorate the dining room that in one to be used as a dance-hall.

That night, lights gleamed from every window of the big room, which had undergone a sudden transformation. The walls were one mass of wild flowers, and on the beams overhanging small cedars and saplings stood upright in rows, adding pungent odour to the air, already burdened with the sweet smell of wild flowers. The music of the phonograph flowed out of the open door to vibrate softly through the dripping trees.

Connie joined the dance, and after dark she slipped quietly down into the valley. She crouched by the open window, heedless of the rain dripping from the eaves, her eyes glued upon the enchanting scene within. She saw Donald and Janet gliding across the floor, and she marvelled at the grace of their movements. The hum of talk, the constant ripple of feminine laughter, the rustle of silken skirts, were all foreign to Connie. She felt a touch of intense and utter loneliness, like a stranger in a strange land.

Janet seemed to have thrown aside her cloak of reserve; she braved over with an unwonted gaiety, but at times her big brown eyes held a troubled look as they rested on Donald.

Gills's "red-shirts" filed in to give an exhibition of old-fashioned dancing. Half the men wore handkerchiefs tied about their arms to indicate that they were impersonating ladies. Blanche played the violin, while "Fighting" Jack's roaring voice did the "callin' off." Gills informed the company that Blanche "didn't know a note of music from a post-hole." But what he lacked in technical knowledge was made up in the immense volume of sound he produced from the instrument, and the speed he set for the whirling dancers to follow soon had them dripping with perspiration. There were shouts of Homeric laughter, big feet thumped the floor as they gyrated through the intricate steps of the quadrille, and above all sounded the hoarse voice of "Fighting" Jack in the colorful jargon of "callin' off."

"Birdie jump out and Jackie jump in," Jackie jump out and give Birdie a swing.

All the men left; back to partner. And grand right and left. Chickadee right and pack-rat left. Meet your partners and all chaw hay.

Gentle sideways and put on style. Re-sashy and with a little more style.

Little more style, gents, little more style."

At the finish the girls loudly applauded the efforts of this picturesque crew, and after a short breathing spell they again took the floor and danced until sheer exhaustion forced them to quit. Mopping their dripping faces with big red handkerchiefs, they trooped boisterously outside.

Near midnight the rain ceased, and as Donald walked with Janet to her cabin the moon came suddenly from behind a dark wall of clouds to set the lake sparkling under its soft light.

"Too wonderful a night to sleep," said Janet softly.

"Shall we walk to the lake?" asked Donald.

She nodded assent.

They stood near the edge of the lake in the light of the moon and looked across at the towering mountains, fields etched against the star-spangled sky. There were lights still shining from the big room they had just vacated, and the night watchman's lantern bobbed jerkily as he made his rounds. Across the lake the light from the trapper's cabin shone on the calm surface of the water. The faint, weird call of a loon wafted to their ears as echoed and re-echoed in soft cadences from the surrounding hills. A faint breath of wind came out of the rain-washed forest, laden with the sweet perfume of earth and flowers, and caressed their faces like loving fingers.

At last a deep breath that seemed more like a sigh.

(To Be Continued.)

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"Shall we walk to the lake?" asked Donald.

She nodded assent.

They stood near the edge of the lake in the light of the moon and looked across at the towering mountains, fields etched against the star-spangled sky. There were lights still shining from the big room they had just vacated, and the night watchman's lantern bobbed jerkily as he made his rounds. Across the lake the light from the trapper's cabin shone on the calm surface of the water. The faint, weird call of a loon wafted to their ears as echoed and re-echoed in soft cadences from the surrounding hills. A faint breath of wind came out of the rain-washed forest, laden with the sweet perfume of earth and flowers, and caressed their faces like loving fingers.

At last a deep breath that seemed more like a sigh.

(To Be Continued.)

Just An Accident

A man entered the out-patients' department of a hospital. His head was enveloped in a mass of bandages.

"Are you married?" asked the doctor.

"No," replied the patient. "I have been run over."

Should Eat More Apples

It is estimated that each Canadian consumes on the average 132 apples each year. This might easily be doubled without any damage to either the grower or the consumer. The apple is really one of the finest of fruits.

W. N. U. 1770

COUGHS & COLDS
Cure the most stubborn of ailments. Don't let the cough or cold persist. It's a sure sign of trouble. Keep it from spreading. **SPOHN'S** Cough and Cold Remedy. It's a sure cure. **FREE SAMPLE** Write today for our free trial bottle. **SPOHN MED. CO., Dept. 82, Guelph, Ont.**

Great Britain Saving Moving Picture Films

Plans To Keep Record Of Important Events In National Life

Plans for the preservation for posterity of motion picture films of successive, but authentic, events of British history are being laid by the British Empire Film Institute.

This particular work is under the trusteeship of Lord Asquith, Rear Admiral R. R. Evans and Alfred C. Bosson, assistant directors of the institute.

The first exhibit obtained by the institute is the original film of Captain Scott's ill-fated expedition to the South Pole, of which Evans assumed command after Scott's death.

Other films which the institute hopes to acquire will show representative aspects of British life, such as Armistice day ceremonies, the Lord Mayor's parade, pictures of the motor traffic in congested streets and activities of the royal family.

Says Food Controls Height

Stature of Races Depends On Nutrition, Says Professor of Anatomy

According to Dr. R. Bennett Bean, a professor of anatomy, who has analyzed the measurements of 1022 groups of people of five continents, nutrition fixes the stature of races.

People living near the sea get too much iodine and tend to short stature; inland people get lime, which makes for long bones. The lack of nourishment in the equatorial and arctic zones keeps those people short.

People who live in the fertile temperate zones have more and better food and therefore grow taller. The average height of human beings is five feet five inches.

The tallest group are the Australians, six feet one inch, and the shortest the African Negrillos, four feet three inches, and the Eskimos.

Dozen Or None

Mr. Nutrich had suddenly come into a large sum of money. One day he was passing a furniture shop when four old chairs caught and held his attention.

Nutrich entered the shop and asked the price of the chairs. On receiving a favorable quotation he asked for a dozen to be sent to his house.

"But 'we've only got four," said the assistant. "They are antiques, you see, sir."

Nutrich was not used to this sort of treatment. "All right!" he snapped. "Cancel the order!"

Coast Radio Stations

Coast station is the term used to designate a radio station established on shore to communicate with ships at sea. In Canada there are 46 such stations.

The primary object of these stations is to provide radio facilities whereby any ship within 500 miles of the Canadian coast can establish instant touch with shore.

Constant watch is kept for the full 24 hours of every day in the 365 days of each year.

About the only thing a man gets free in this world is criticism.

Teeth and Health

Issued by The Canadian Dental Hygiene Council and Published By The Saskatchewan Dental Society

TISSUE TONE

Just what does the term imply? Well, doubtless at some time or other, you have had your doctor advise "that the system needed a general tonic up." This should afford a clue as to the meaning.

Under conditions of normal life, as the tissues grow and perform their functions, worn-out cells die.

As bone grows, it is absorbed little by little to make room for the re-modelling and growth of the larger structure. Also, bacteria, ever present in the oral cavity, gain access beneath the protective covering of the mouth tissues.

However, nature has made provision for the disposal of these worn-out fragments and foreign intruders, by the activities of certain lowly organized cells known as phagocytes.

In health, these little warriors are able to perform their functions of waste disposal and, as well, the more militant duties of combating and destroying the invading organisms.

But with a lowered resistance of the body cells, through local or general disturbances, the defence is weakened, permitting in the one case, a poisoning of the body tissues by the waste materials, and, in the other, the securing of a foothold by such bacteria as may have gained access to the tissues.

Among those factors tending towards this lowered vitality of the body cells, or in other words "loss of tissue tone," may be cited, systemic diseases; influences exerted through nerve channels, and a poorly nourished blood supply.

But, possibly, in the mouth, the factors are more frequently local in nature, and generally result from oral neglect. These include irritations and injuries from wedging foods, deposits of tartar and food debris, and the purely negative factor, the lack of proper masticatory exercise.

Corrective measures such as the use of harder foods requiring more vigorous chewing, and more careful attention to mouth toilet, will in most cases, effectively restore the tissues to a healthy tone.

Minard's Liniment prevents Flu.

Classical Music

"Can you distinguish classical music?" asked Mrs. Newrich. "I think so," replied her husband. "When a piece threatens every minute to be a tune and always disappoints you, it's classical."

A good rule for autoists is to drive as if their own family were in the other car.

Now are we sure that Thou knowest all things.—John xv. 30.

Only God knows the trials that we face. The weary longing for a different fate. The daily struggle and the anxious care. He knows, and we can wait.

Only God knows,—we have no want beside! Our Father watches o'er us from above; We feel our weakness, but His hand will guide. He knows, and He is Love!

—Mary Dickinson.

Trust him implicitly, submit to him cheerfully, and you will find that all shall be well; that more grace will be given you; that the heavier the trial the larger will be the blessed measure of the strength. The Shepherd is leading you in the right way to His own blessed fold. Leave it all to Him.

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Keep a Box Always Handy!

Zam-Buk provides an ever-ready and reliable first-aid for injuries. It is also unequalled as a soothing, speedy remedy for obstinate and deep-seated skin disease, poisoned wounds, ulcers, piles, etc.

Within every box of Zam-Buk are stored the most valuable healing, soothing and antiseptic properties known to Science. Its unique herbal composition and its absolute freedom from animal fats and mineral drugs make Zam-Buk the safest and best dressing for skin troubles of all kinds.

Get a box of this great herbal balm from your druggist or dealer today, or ask Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, to mail you a box FREE.

Nothing Like Zam-Buk FOR THE SKIN.

Little Helps For This Week

Now are we sure that Thou knowest all things.—John xv. 30.

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Guard Against FLU

Sore Throat The First Warning.

Few families will escape. This epidemic constitutes a real danger. Health authorities everywhere warn the public of the danger of the common cold. "Flu" usually starts with Sore Throat. Unless the germs are killed by some antiseptic treatment a serious malady may develop.

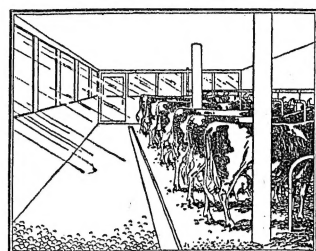
A simple treatment is to gargle the throat three times daily with Nerville. The antiseptic properties of Nerville quickly destroy the germs in the throat. Of course if the chest is sore Nerville should be rubbed over the affected area—lots of rubbing—it can't burn a blister, but will bring out the congestion and break up the cold.

To prevent "Flu" or colds from gaining headway Nerville will prove most effective. It is hardly necessary to point out that the bowels should be stimulated, and the system purged of all waste materials. For this purpose Dr. Hamilton's Pills are a blessing. They act as a gentle laxative, and are of every kind. This combination treatment of Nerville and Dr. Hamilton's Pills will prove a very satisfactory prevention for Grippe, Flu, etc.

WINDOLITE The Improved Glass Substitute

MADE IN ENGLAND

COMES WITH A MESSAGE OF HEALTH



WINDOLITE stands for 100 per cent. sunlight. It makes light but strong windows for cattle sheds, dairy stables, poultry houses, brooders and all out buildings. It will not crack or chip—cuts with an ordinary pair of scissors and is easy to fit. WINDOLITE is supplied in rolls any length but in one width of 36 inches only. A square yard of WINDOLITE weighs about 14 ozs. while a square yard of glass of ordinary thickness, weighs about 135 to 150 ozs. The improved WINDOLITE requires no varnish. WINDOLITE is made in England.

Price \$160 Per Square Yard, f.o.b., Toronto.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

For the Village of Chinook, Alberta

For Year Ending December 31st, 1928

RECEIPTS	
Balance at Dec. 31, 1927	
As per Bank Book	\$ 241.54
Cash on Hand	203.46
Municipal Taxes, General	1,300.48
Business	246.83
Supplementary Revenue	1,547.31
School Tax Arrears (less Commissions)	72.62
Licenses	195.85
Com. on Sup. Rev. Taxes	115.00
Outstanding Cheques, Dec. 31, 1928, Municipal Acc't	75
	721.52
Total	\$ 3,158.09

ASSETS	
Credit Balance in Bank and Cash on Hand Dec. 31, 1928	\$1,148.27
Uncollected Mun. Taxes	4,618.04
Uncollected Supp. Rev. Taxes	291.85
Other Uncollected Taxes:	
Ch Consolidated S. D.	2,494.09
Fire Hall and Equipment	1,350.00
Lands and Other Property	350.00
Office Equipment	100.00
Total	\$10,362.5

DISBURSEMENTS	
Outstanding Cheques at Dec 31, 1927	\$ 406.34
Salaries—Sec.—Treas.	\$ 200.00
Auditor	25.00
Auditor	10.00
Prem. Sec.—Treas. Bond	235.00
Office Expense	10.50
Public Works 438.60 Fire Dept.	48.20
17.15, Electric Light 254.20	709.95
Health and Relief	14.30
Debenture Redemption	72.62
School Taxes Paid to School District	195.85
Wells	35.80
Police	95.00
Commissions	16.75
Tax Recovery Costs	6.60
Workmen's Com. Board	11.08
Destruction of Weeks	2.50
Exchange	63
Stolen From Safe by Burglars	148.66
Municipal Account	
Bank Balance	769.66
Cash on Hand	378.61
	1,148.27
Total	\$3,158.05

LIABILITIES	
Outstanding Cheques at Dec 31, 1928	\$ 721.52
Uncollected Supp. Rev. Taxes	291.85
Other Uncollected Taxes:	
Ch. Consolidated S.D.	2,494.09
Balance Assets over Liabilities	6,844.79
Total	\$10,362.25

Statement of Municipal Taxes

VALUATION	Current Rates at 30 Mills	Amount collected Dec. 31st, 1927	Penalties and Costs Added in 1928	PAYMENTS			Discounts	Exemptions and Cancellations	Amt. Un- collected Dec. 31, '28
				Current	Arrears	Total			
Buildings and Improvements at 2-3 Value	\$82,175.00	\$144,288							
Licenses		125.00							
Business		341.27							
Total	19,915	\$4,075.85	\$408.96	\$6,393.90	\$1,528.42	\$7,922.32	\$63.62	\$47.00	\$1,628.04

Statement of Supplementary Revenue Taxes.

VALUATION	Levy at 2 Mills on equalized val.	Current Levy at 2 Mills	Amt. Un- collected at Dec. 31st, 1927	Penalties Added in 1928	Total Due	Amount Collected in 1928	Exemptions and Cancellations	Amt. Un- collected Dec. 31, 1928	Amt. Paid During Year
Equalized val. \$43,300.00	\$86.00	\$74.91	\$395.08	\$28.62	\$728.61	\$72.62	\$34.14	\$291.85	\$72.62

Estimated Population	250
Number of parcels from which Village holds title	93
Number of lots or parcels under taxation	220
Number of lots or parcels exempt from taxation	26
Total number of lots or parcels in Municipality	246

I hereby certify the correctness of this statement
 Dated at Chinook this 15th day of January, 1929
 S. E. NELSON, Auditor
 Chinook, Alberta

LOCAL ITEMS

Cooley Bros. have been appointed local agents for John Deere Plow Co.

Mrs. Fred Lajoye underwent an operation at Calgary on Wednesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Morris of Calgary, are to be congratulated on the birth of a daughter on January 3rd.

Mr. H. W. Fisher, of Hague, Sask., spent the week-end with his son, Hilliard Fisher, of the "Service Garage."

Mrs. R. Peyton and son Mark, returned on Monday morning after having spent a week visiting the former's daughters in Calgary.

Dolores Del Rio in "Ramona," an Edwin Carewe production, is the special attraction at the Chinook Theatre on Friday and Saturday.

Cooley Bros. unloaded a carload of new Fords this week, one coupe, one Tudor, two Fords and one light delivery.

Messrs. Walter Anderson, J. Haggarty, W. J. Rodine, H. Davis, J. Bellan and M. Carlson began the local tractor show at Calgary a week.

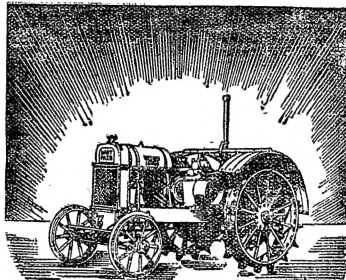
Miss Julia Peyton who has been visiting in Calgary for the past two months, is leaving shortly for Great Falls, Mont. and Spokane, Wash. where he will visit relatives.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Allen, of Seattle, Wash., on Monday, Jan. 3rd, at Great Falls, a fine 11 pound son.

Audrey Rideout was rushed to the Cerebral Hospital on Sunday. The cause of her trouble being a bad attack of "Flu". We are glad to report that she returned home on Wednesday.

The New Tractor

FOR ECONOMY and SERVICE



A Carload Expected to Arrive Any Day—Call and See Them
 HORSES TAKEN AS CASH PAYMENT

R. D. Vanhook, Chinook

Agent

CLASSIFIED ADS.

BABY CHICKS—Canada's Bred-to-Lay 100 per cent Alive Guaranteed Breeding Certificate sent with chicks from tested, trap-nest d. Leghorns, Barred Rocks, Reds, Anconas, Minorcas, Wyandottes, Orpingtons, Discount for orders received by February 1st. Free Catalogue. ALEX TAYLOR'S HATCHERY, 352 Furby St., Winnipeg, Man.

Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

KEITH THOMPSON

R. W. WRIGHT
Secretary

MARKET PRICES

WHEAT	
1 Northern	\$1.04
2 Northern	.99
3 Northern	.95
OATS	
2 C. W.	.57
3 C. W.	.46
No. 1 Feed	.35
BARLEY	
3 C. W.	.57
4 C. W.	.53
Feed	.47
RYE	
3 C. W.	.86
3 C. W.	.81
FLAX	
1 N. W.	1.66
2 C. W.	1.67
3 C. W.	1.56
Butter	.35
Eggs	.30

Chinook Cafe

Successor to Dong Hong
 Our Cafe has been thoroughly renovated and new booths installed

Good Meals at all Hours
 Rooms in Connection
 Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco
 Fruit, Confectionery ICE CREAM
 CHAN SAM, Prop.
 CHINOOK ALBERTA

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable
 M. L. CHAPMAN
 Chinook, Alta

DR. HOLT

DENTIST
 will be at the
 Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every
 Thursday

Walter M. Crockett,
 LL.B.,
 Barrister Solicitor,
 Notary Public

Youngstown Alberta

J. W. BREDIN

Licensed Auctioneer

FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

A Bid for Freedom:

THE trend of business is towards amalgamation and centralization—building up vast organizations through combinations of many small ones. In the face of this development the farmer as a single unit has found himself isolated, helpless and working at a disadvantage.

The first step taken by producers to remedy their position was the formation of producers' co-operatives, of which the Wheat Pool is the most notable example. In the Pool the strength of unity has been demonstrated time and again.

For the protection of himself and his family, and for the advancement of agriculture in general, every wheat producer in Alberta should join the Alberta Wheat Pool.

There is no question but that the Wheat Pool has corrected abuses, narrowed grain trade profits, stabilized markets, and lessened disastrous speculation for the benefit of ALL wheat growers in Canada.

Undoubtedly the Wheat Pool has paid higher average prices to its members than the grain trade has paid to non-Poolers. The Pool elevator system, operated on a non-profit basis, has given its patrons service at cost, fair weights and grades, and a measure of protection never before accorded.

To Those Who Have Not Yet Joined the Wheat Pool:

Are you going to build and maintain private grain and elevator systems forever and provide abundant profits for stock-holders year after year?

Or are you going to join the Wheat Pool ranks and work for your own interest and the interest of your Pool neighbors?

The Alberta Wheat Pool
 LAUGHEED BLDG., CALGARY